





http://wwjhw230.myweb.hinet.net/grammar.htm

http://a4esl.org/q/h/grammar.html



EZ半線英文 http://www.yces.chc.edu.tw/english/index0.htm









## 什麼是文法???????





#### Question:

• 有一天你被關在一間 只有一扇鐵門的房間 裡,而你必須要出去 時,你會怎麼做?



# 學好文法的學的關鍵

## KNumbers

出去44煮免吃



8544-1283	詞句種結主被假
(上) ●8詞	詞性
5句	句型
4種	種類
4結	結構
12主	主動時態
8被	被動語態
3假	假設語氣

#### 連連看

介系詞



me - u



名詞

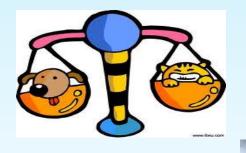




#### 連接詞







動詞





形容詞





副詞

代名詞







8大詞類

感嘆詞(int.)





## CN--拆拆看--UN



名詞









普通名詞:指具體事物的名詞



集合名詞:表示人或物集合的名詞

ex: family, class, team, people ...

(有單、複數)

分類

材料名詞:沒有一定形態的物質

ex: coffee, tea, sugar, milk, gold, air ···

抽象名詞:沒有具體形態的抽象事物

ex: happiness, love, peace, joy ...

專有名詞:人名、地名等專有名詞

ex: London, Tokyo, Bay, John, January ···







a glass of water

不可數名詞







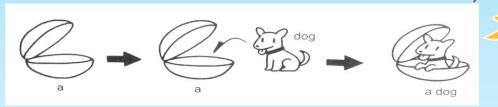




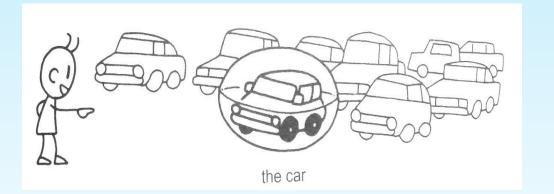




可數名詞-單數



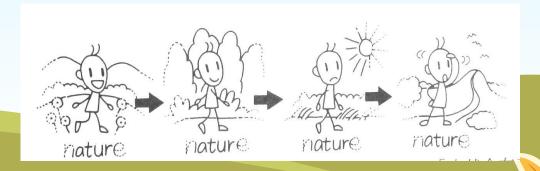
# 冠詞種類



無冠詞

可數名詞-複數

不可數名詞



# an

#### a/an不定冠詞的用法

- 〉初次出現在句子裡
  - \* There is a fly in my room.
- > 一個具體的事物
  - \* I want to buy a car.
- > 任一個
  - \* Can you give me a hint?
- - \* Rome was not built in a day.
- > 每一單位
  - \* This rope is 10 dollars a meter.











#### the定冠詞的用法

- > 已經在對話中出現過
  - \* You took a photo of me. Show **the** photo to me.
- ▶由了解的狀況
  - \* Did you remember to lock the door?
- ▶ 特別指定
  - \* He is **the** only person <u>I can trust</u>.
- > 獨一無二的事物
  - \* Everyone knows that **the** earth goes around **the** sun.
- > 和其他單位做比對
  - \* In England, we buy butter by **the** pound.
- > 身體的一部分
  - \* Jim took his daughter by the hand and left the room.











#### 規則變化:

字尾	變化方式	範例		
s X sh ch 子音+o	附加 <b>-es</b>	buses, classes boxes, foxes dishes, bushes churches, benches heroes, tomatoes		
f fe	去f, fe 改成V, 再加上-es	leaf→lea <b>ves</b> , wolf→wol <b>ves</b> wife→wi <b>ves</b> , knife→kni <b>ves</b>		
子音+y	去y 改成i, 再加上-es	city→cit <b>ies</b> , lady→lad <b>ies</b> baby→bab <b>ies</b>		

#### 不規則變化:

#### 單複數一樣:



	單數、複數
means	(手段)
carp	(鯉魚)
sheep	(羊)
deer	(鹿)
yen	(日幣)
species	(種)

單數	複數	
man	men	
woman	women	
foot	feet	
tooth	teeth	
mouse	mice	
child	children	
datum	data	
phenomenon	phenomena	









#### 普通名詞

- \* Koalas live in Australia.
- \* There are seven days in a week.

#### 集合名詞

- \* There are about 100 families in this village.
- \* My family are all soccer fans. 家庭成員
- \* The **police** are looking for the robber. 警察們

#### 可作為主詞、

補語、

介系詞的受詞

#### 材料名詞

- \* This statue is made of **stone**.
- \* My mother bought a bottle of wine.

- \* Dr. Jones observed wild animals in Africa.
- \* I went to the British Museum last August.

形狀: a piece of paper a sheet of paper

a slice of bread

three glasses of water

單位: a pound of butter

two spoonfuls of sugar

three liters of beer













#### 不可數名詞變成可數名詞



#### 材料名詞→普通名詞

\* My sister reads an English paper.

\* The crowd threw **stones** at the police.

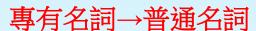
紙(物質)→報紙(具體可數物品)

石(物質)→小石頭(具體可數物品)

#### 抽象名詞→普通名詞

\*Thank you for your many kindnesses.

親切→親切的行為(可程度之分)



\*I want to buy a **Porsche** someday.

#### 依場合使用最準確的名詞

All the **passengers** on the bus escaped safely.

Most of the **customers** in this shop are teenagers.

客人: audience (聽眾)、spectator (參觀)、client (客戶)、guest (賓客)、visitor (訪客)

費用:fare(交通工具的費用)、fee(報酬、入場費、學雜費)、charge(索取的費用)、

price (商品的價格)、cost (費用)

預約:appointment(與某人會面的約定)、reservation(餐廳、旅館等的預約)

氣象: weather (可指明時間、地點的天氣)、climate (氣候)

習慣: habit (個人習慣)、custom (社會的風俗習慣)







## --猜猜看--











Tom

John

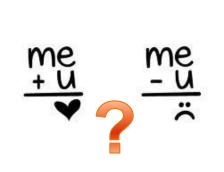
## -猜猜看--



Susah Ella Bill **B**##y

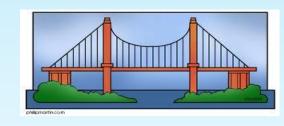
















不定 代名詞







代名詞







代替名詞的單字,用來迴避名詞重複出現及在找不到具體放名詞的位置時,可當「替身」使用。

#### 可區分為五種

\*\*\*完成確定所指的事物:

Look at the car over there! It's a new model of BMW.

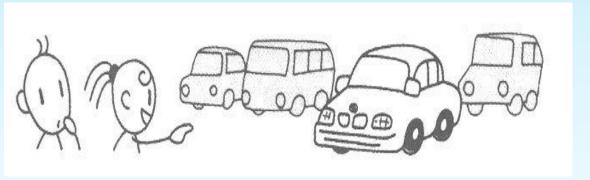
- (a) 人稱代名詞 (I, you, he, she, it, we, they.....)
- (b) 指示代名詞 (this, these, that, those)

\*\*\*不完全確定(泛指)所指的事物 Judy, here is **something** for you.

- (c) 不定代名詞 (any, some, ....)
- (e) 關係代名詞 (who, which, that...)
- (d) 疑問代名詞 (who, what, why, where, when,...)









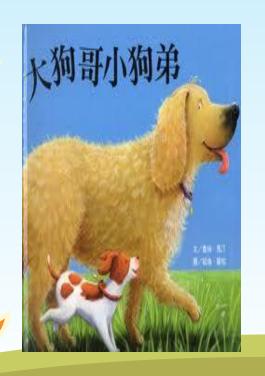


### 人稱代名詞



人稱	單複數	人稱代名詞				
		主格	受格	所有格	所有代名詞	反身代名詞
第一人稱複	單		me	my	mine	myself
	複	we	us	our	ours	ourselves
第二人稱	單	you	you	your	yours	yourself
	複					yourselves
第三人稱	單	he	him	his	his	himself
		she	her	her	hers	herself
		it	it	its	-	itself
	複	they	them	their	theirs	themselves

## 形容詞













原級 和、、一樣

as adj/adv as

比較級 比較

....er than more a/ad. than

最高級品、、

the ....est the most alad.

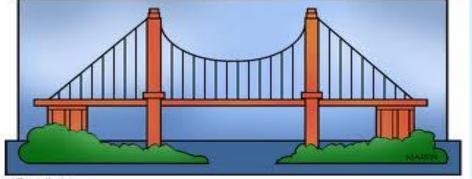
me + U me - u











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